(c) Finalists in the PMIP may be appointed following official announcement of their selection as finalists. Appointments must be made no later than December 31 of the year in which the terms were selected as finalists. Exceptions may be granted on a case by case basis upon request to the PMIP office no later than December 15.

(d) Initial appointments must be made at the grade GS-9, Step 1 level of the General Schedule. If an intern has had prior higher level Federal Government experience, that individual may be placed at higher step within grade GS-9 of the General Schedule. The appointment authority, § 213.3102(ii) of this chapter, authorizes Presidential Management Intern positions only at grades GS-9 and GS-11 of the General Schedule. Therefore, promotions above grade GS-11 can occur only on or after the date of conversion of the competitive service.

§ 362.202 Eligibility.

(a) General. Those eligible to be nominated for the Program are United States citizens completing or expecting to complete an advanced degree focusing on or applicable to the analysis or management of public policies and programs from an accredited United States college or university during the current academic year.

(b) Nomination procedure. (1) Students must be nominated by their school deans or academic program directors. Individuals who wish to be nominated must be rated by their schools as either qualified or not qualified for nomination and should be notified of their status by their schools. The school is obligated to devise a competitive nomination process which ensures that selection is determined on the basis of relative ability, knowledge and skills after fair and open competition which assures that all receive equal opportunity. All honorably discharged veterans with Federal veterans' preference entitlement who are in the qualified group must be nominated. Schools will need to determine which of the qualified individuals have Federal veterans' preference entitlement in order to ensure their nomination. These individuals must submit verification of their Federal veterans' preference entitlement along with their application to the PMIP Review Committee. Veterans who believe they meet their school's qualification requirements, but who are not nominated, have the right to appeal their non-nomination to the

U.S. Office of Personnel Management.
(2) Selection of Program finalists is made by the Presidential Management

Intern Selection Committee based on selection process results.

§ 362.203 Extensions and Conversions of Presidential Management Internships.

- (a) Federal agencies may request OPM approval for an extension of an internship for up to a 3rd and final year. The primary reason for extending an internship is to provide the intern with additional training and developmental activities.
- (b) A written request to extend an internship should be submitted to the PMIP, no later than 60 days prior to the end of the initial 2-year period. This request must be sent to: U.S. Office of Personnel Management; Presidential Management Intern Program; 1400 Wilson Boulevard; Suite 1200, Arlington, VA 22209.
- (c) Eligibility for conversion.
 Employees who have completed
 Presidential Management Internships
 are to be converted non-competitively to
 a career or career-conditional
 appointment for which they are
 qualified if all the following criteria are
 met:

(1) The employee has successfully competed a Presidential Management Internship at the time of conversion;

- (2) The employee is recommended for conversion at least 90 calendar days before the completion of the internship. The agency decides whether or not to convert the employee. No recommendation is made to OPM. Agencies are asked to inform the PMIP, U.S. Office of Personnel Management, when an individual will not be converted.
- (d) Effective date. Conversions will be effective on the date when the 2-year service requirement is met unless the internship is extended by the Federal department or agency, with the concurrence of the U.S. Office of Personnel Management, for up to one additional year.
- (e)(1) Tenure acquired. Upon conversion, the employee becomes a career employee if the service requirements in § 315.708 of this chapter are met; otherwise, the employee becomes a career-conditional employee.

(2) The time-after-competitive-appointment restriction. This restriction, § 330.501 of this chapter, does not apply to conversions under Executive Order 12364.

(f) Probationary period. Employees converted under this section do *not* have to serve a probationary period. Successful completion of the Presidential Management Internship is regarded as completion of the probationary period.

§ 362.204 Termination.

The appointment of a Presidential Management Intern under § 213.3102(ii) of this chapter expires at the end of the 2-year internship period. At that time, the employing agency may, with no break in service, convert the intern to the competitive service or extend the internship with prior approval from OPM. If neither of those actions is taken, the Presidential Management Intern appointment terminates.

§ 362.205 Resignation.

Interns who resign during their internship do not have reinstatement eligibility for competitive service positions and cannot be reinstated to the PMIP.

§ 362.206 Movement of interns between agencies.

If an intern wishes to change his or her employing agency during the internship, it is necessary to resign from the current agency and be rehired by the new employing agency under the PMIP appointment authority without a break in service.

§ 362.207 Career development.

- (a) The U.S. Office of Personnel Management will provide career development and training programs for interns during the 2-year internship. The career development component of the PMIP includes an initial orientation seminar, conferences, seminars, periodic opportunities for special briefings and workshops, and a program at the end of the internship.
- (b) Interns must participate fully in the PMIP orientation and educational programs, as well as seminars, workshops, and other programs throughout the 2-year internship.

§ 362.208 Agency duties.

Agencies must provide-

- (1) An orientation for interns which includes discussion of the agency's plans for interns, provides specific information on the functions and mission of the agency, and makes explicit the agency's expectations of interns;
- (2) Individual development planning to ensure the intern gains professional and technical skills to qualify for a target upon conversion;
- (3) A series of core assignments targeted to a functional area into which the intern is most likely to be converted.

[FR Doc. 95–4918 Filed 2–28–95;8:45am] BILLING CODE 6325–01–M

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Rural Housing and Community Development Service; Rural Business and Cooperative Development Service; Rural Utilities Service; Consolidated Farm Service Agency

7 CFR Part 1942

RIN 0575-AB82

Community Facility Loans and Grants

AGENCIES: Rural Housing and Community Development Service, Rural Business and Cooperative Development Service, Rural Utilities Service, Consolidated Farm Service Agency, USDA.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The regulations utilized to administer Community Facility Loans and Grants are being amended. This action changes the security requirements for solid waste disposal loans. The change affects the security requirements for loans secured primarily by revenue and the funds used to construct or improve solid waste facilities in rural communities. The effect of changing the security requirements for solid waste facilities is to provide better service to communities seeking to resolve solid waste disposal problems on a regional level. **EFFECTIVE DATE:** March 1, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jerry W. Cooper, Loan Specialist, Water and Waste Disposal Division, Rural Utilities Service, USDA, South Agriculture Building, Room 6328, Washington, DC 20250, telephone: (202) 720–9589.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Classification

This rule has been determined to be not significant for the purposes of Executive Order 12866 and therefore has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget.

Intergovernmental Review

The programs are listed in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance under number 10.760, Water and Waste Disposal Systems For Rural Communities, and are subject to the provisions of Executive Order 12372 which requires intergovernmental consultation with State and local officials

Environmental Impact Statement

This action has been reviewed in accordance with FmHA Instruction 1940–G, "Environmental Program." It has been determined that this action does not constitute a major Federal

action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment, and, in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, Pub. L. 91–190, an Environmental Impact Statement is not required.

Compliance with Executive Order 12778

The regulation has been reviewed in light of Executive Order 12778 and meets the applicable standards provided in sections 2(a) and (2)(b)(2) of that Order. Provisions within this part which are inconsistent with State law are controlling. All administrative remedies pursuant to 7 CFR part 1900 Subpart B must be exhausted prior to filing suit.

Paperwork Reduction Act

The information collection requirements contained in this regulation have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the provisions of 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35 and have been assigned OMB control number 0575–0015 in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3507). This final rule does not revise or impose any new information collection requirement from those approved by OMB.

Background

A change is needed in the security requirements for loans made for construction or improvements to solid waste facilities. The requirements of the Environmental Protection Agency Subtitle D regulations have increased the capital needs of rural communities for disposal of solid waste. The current security requirements for loans on solid waste facilities are too stringent, and this final action will add flexibility that is needed to improve the program. Currently, additional security is required when revenue is the primary security for loans involving solid waste facilities. This change will remove the requirement for additional security.

Comments on Proposed Rule

The Farmers Home Administration published a proposed rule in the Federal Register on August 19, 1994, (59 FR 42783) and asked for written comments on or before October 18, 1994. Ten comments were received from the public review process. All ten of the comments received were in relation to the proposed change to incorporate into Community Programs loan and grant regulations the provision contained in Rural Electrification Administration Loan Restructuring Act of 1993, (REA Act). No comments were received regarding the proposed change in the security requirements for loans made for solid waste disposal facilities. Certain provisions of the REA Act prohibits a recipient of the programs from imposing certain conditions on the users of the service provided. The REA Act requires that appropriate measures and sanctions be implemented against any person violating or attempting to violate this prohibition. Based on the comments received, the proposed change relating to the REA Act will not be included in this final rule. Eight of the comments made stated that the proposed rule did not go far enough in implementing the provisions of the REA Act. Another rule will be issued in the future to comply with provisions of the REA Act relating to all the Department's rural development programs.

List of Subjects in 7 CFR Part 1942

Community development, Community facilities, Loan programs-Housing and community development, Loan security, Rural areas, Waste treatment and disposal-Domestic, Water supply-Domestic.

Therefore, Chapter XVIII, title 7, Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 1942—ASSOCIATIONS

1. The authority citation for part 1942 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 1989; 16 U.S.C. 1005; 5 U.S.C. 301; 7 CFR 2.23; 7 CFR 2.70.

Subpart A—Community Facility Loans

2. Section 1942.17 is amended by revising paragraphs (g)(2)(ii) and (g)(3)(ii) to read as follows:

§ 1942.17 Community facilities.

* * (g) * * * (2) * * *

(ii) Solid waste systems. The type of security required will be based on State law and what is determined adequate to protect the interest of the United States during the repayment period of the loan.

* * * * * * (3) * * *

- (ii) Solid waste systems. The type of security required will be based on State law and what is determined adequate to protect the interest of the United States during the repayment period of the loan.
- 3. Section 1942.50 is revised to read as follows:

§ 1942.50 OMB control number.

The reporting and recordkeeping requirements contained in this regulation have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and have been assigned OMB

control number 0575-0015. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to vary from five minutes to 15 hours per response, with an average of 2.7 hours per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to the Department of Agriculture, Clearance Officer, OIRM, Ag Box 7630, Washington, D.C. 20250; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (OMB #0575-0015), Washington, D.C. 20503.

Dated: January 26, 1995.

Bob J. Nash,

Under Secretary, Rural Economic and Community Development.

[FR Doc. 95–4954 Filed 2–28–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-32-U

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 93-NM-207-AD; Amendment 39-9143; AD 95-03-06]

Airworthiness Directives; Canadair Model CL-600-1A11, -2A12, and -2B16 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD) applicable to certain Canadair Model CL-600-1A11, -2A12, and -2B16 series airplanes, that requires a functional check and a test of the idle stop function of the engine throttle quadrant; repair or replacement, if necessary; and eventual replacement of the engine throttle quadrant with a new model. This amendment is prompted by reports of unintentional engine shutdown on certain of these airplanes due to problems associated with operation of the engine throttle quadrant. The actions specified by this AD are intended to ensure the proper operation of the throttle quadrant so as to prevent inadvertent shutdown of an engine while the airplane is taxiing or in flight. DATES: Effective March 31, 1995.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of March 31, 1995.

ADDRESSES: The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from Bombardier, Inc., Canadair, Aerospace Group, P.O. Box 6087 Station A, Montreal, Quebec H3C 3G9, Canada. This information may be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, Rules Docket, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate, New York Aircraft Certification Office, 10 Fifth Street, Third Floor, Valley Stream, New York; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Raymond J. O'Neill, Aerospace Engineer, Propulsion Branch, ANE–174, FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate, New York Aircraft Certification Office, 10 Fifth Street, Third Floor, Valley Stream, New York 11581; telephone (516) 256–7421; fax (516) 568–2716.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain Canadair Model CL-600-1A11, -2A12, and -2B16 series airplanes was published as a supplemental notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) in the Federal Register on October 19, 1994 (59 FR 52720). That action proposed to require a functional check and a test of the idle stop function of the engine throttle quadrant; repair or replacement, if necessary; and eventual replacement of the engine throttle quadrant.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. No comments were submitted in response to the proposal or the FAA's determination of the cost to the public.

As a result of recent communications with the Air Transport Association (ATA) of America, the FAA has learned that, in general, some operators may misunderstand the legal effect of AD's on airplanes that are identified in the applicability provision of the AD, but that have been altered or repaired in the area addressed by the AD. The FAA points out that all airplanes identified in the applicability provision of an AD are legally subject to the AD. If an airplane has been altered or repaired in the affected area in such a way as to affect compliance with the AD, the owner or operator is required to obtain FAA approval for an alternative method of compliance with the AD, in accordance with the paragraph of each AD that

provides for such approvals. A note has been added to this final rule to clarify this requirement.

Additionally, the FAA has recently reviewed the figures it has used over the past several years in calculating the economic impact of AD activity. In order to account for various inflationary costs in the airline industry, the FAA has determined that it is necessary to increase the labor rate used in these calculations from \$55 per work hour to \$60 per work hour. The economic impact information, below, has been revised to reflect this increase in the specified hourly labor rate.

After careful review of the available data, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule with the changes previously described. The FAA has determined that these changes will neither increase the economic burden on any operator nor increase the scope of the AD.

The FAA estimates that 150 airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD.

The side-loads test of the engine throttle quadrant will take approximately 17 work hours per airplane to accomplish, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of the side-loads test requirements of this AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$153,000, or \$1,020 per airplane.

The abrupt-movement check of the idle stop function of the throttle quadrant will take approximately 1 work hour per airplane to accomplish, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of the functional check requirements of this AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$9,000, or \$60 per airplane.

The installation of a modified throttle quadrant will take approximately 10 work hours per airplane to accomplish, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Required parts will be provided by the manufacturer at no cost to operators. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of the installation requirement of this AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$90,000, or \$600 per airplane.

Based on the figures discussed above, the total cost impact of this AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$252,000, or \$1,680 per airplane. This cost impact figure is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.